



How to Make Healthy Bodies



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カンボジア教育青年スポーツ省と保健省に認可された学校保健テキスト (児童用・英語版・A5版)

- このテキストは教師用(A4版)と児童用 (A5版)が作成された。
- 言語は、英語版とクメール語版が作成された。
- テキスト内の写真は、JICA草の根事業地域 特別枠の助成金で実施された香川大学事業に おいて、撮影された、カンダール州カンダル スタン郡小学校の写真である。
- 写真の掲載にあたり、カンボジア政府の許可を得た。

About this guidance book of School Health

This guidance book was made by the project of Kagawa University, Kagawa prefecture and NGO Udon House receiving support of JICA, and cooperating with MoEYs. This project is "JICA Partnership Program" that JICA approved in 2016. The project name is "Constructing a School Health System to Improve Health Education in Kandal Steung District". The purpose of this project is Model on raising awareness and educating health will be implemented and school health leaders will be trained in Kandal Steung District.

Health leaders from MoEYs and teachers from Kandal Steung district participated in the training in Japan and learn the Japanese style of school health education in October, 2017. At this training, they took health education training at Kagawa University. This guidance book is the textbook that is included training in Japan and used by primary school teacher when they teach about health guidance.

"Health guidance" can be taught from first grade to sixth grade of primary school with guidance of about 10 minutes to 15 minutes.

It can be carried out in third grade or more with about 45 minutes of lessons.

This guidance book is approved by Ministry of Education. We will use this guidance book first in the Kandal Steung district. After that, faculty which provides health guidance to elementary school children can use in Cambodia. I hope that this will contribute to the policy implementation of MoEYs.

1st, December, 2018 Project Manager: Hiroko Shimizu [Professor of Natural Life Science of Kagawa University in Japan]

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JICA Cambodia

Pat Bunpha (Cambodia Red Cross)

PDH (Printing and Distribution House)

このテキストは次にように作成された。

- 原案は、香川大学事業メンバーにより作成された。
- ・テキストの内容は、2016年時点で、カンボジアの小学校1年生から6年生までの「科学」教科書に取り上げられている学校保健項目を抜粋した。次に、日本の小学校の学校保健教科書と照合し、必要な項目を補足し、カンボジアの児童に適用可能な項目として、カンボジア政府により確認された。
- 印刷は、カンボジア政府印刷局で実施された。
- 英語版は香川大学が校閲を行い、クメール版はカンボジア政府が校閲し、イラストはカンボジア政府の指示の下で香川大学が行った。
- 編集は香川大学が実施した。以下抜粋頁である。

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Acknowledgement

The book "How to make Healthy Bodies" was organized by Kagawa University in Japan in collaboration with School Health Department of Ministry of Education, Youth and Sport and the Department of Health Protection of the Ministry of Health.

Deeply Thanks to Kagawa University in Japan for the funding this project throught JICA and Udon House NGO that collaboratively compile this book for primary school teachers to use for educating and promoting to students about health in order to implement the sanitation, health care, disease prevention and other injury that may occur in everyday life.

Deeply thanks to Department of Health Protection of the Ministry of Health for collaboratively participated in the preparation and improvement of the contents of the book for greater quality and efficiency.

Thank you to all concerned stakeholders for spending the value time contributing to the development of the book.

Wish you all good wishes and receive all four Buddha blessings: old age, health, happiness, and peace.

1st, December, 2018 School Health Department, Ministry of Education Youth and Sport

How to make healthy bodies

healthy body

Health Guidance Lower Grade Class 低学年用

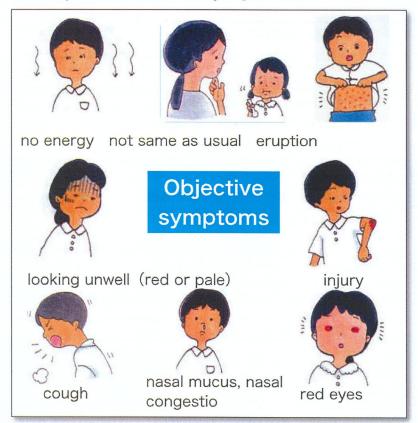
Health Observation
How to do
Tooth Brushing Instructions
Hand Washing Instructions
Insect bites
Recommendation of mouthwash
Eyes protection
Prevention of infectious diseases
Get along with each other

Health Observation

Health Observation in the morning
We need to know our daily health condition for spending a day being fine.
Do you have these symptoms?



■ Do you have these symptoms?





Tooth brushing instructions

brush your tooth to prevent cavity or periodontal disease



■ How does the cavity progress?



■ How does the periodontal disease progress?

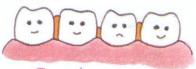




you have to take care of permanent tooth because you will use them forever.

places where tooth easily stain in our mouth

between teeth and teeth



between tooth and gum

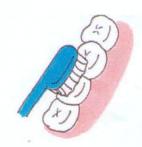


groove of molar



■ How to brush your tooth





Development of the body (growth of the body)

Development of the body

Health Learning Intermediate Grade Classes

中学年用

Development of the body
A disease is ...
In order to stay healthy
What make us sick?
Follow rhythms in your life
For living a healthy life ...

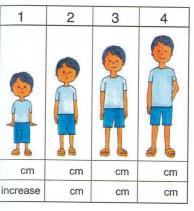




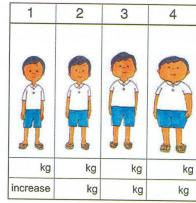
Development of the body

Let's measure your height and weight from 1st grade to 3rd or 4th grade.

height



weight



- · Compare them with your measurements in childhood.
- · It will change according to your age.
- · The process of growing differs between children.
- · Some grow faster, and others grow slower.





Development of the body

What makes us sick?

lifestyle



pathogens









Your body's resistance

Various causes overlap. And people get sick.







Pathogen

.....a source of sickness. It's a very small living thing like bacteria or virus.

Your body resistance

.....your power to fight against pathogens.

Environment

.....weather and humidity surrounding people.

Ways to eliminate pathogens

-disinfection with alcohol



-disinfection with hot water



-disinfection with sunlight



Health Learning
Intermediate Grade Classes

高学年用

Your Growing Body

Your Growing Body

Your Growing Body
Body growth
Mental growth
Prevention of traffic accidents
Treatment for injuries
Prevention of insect bites
About First Aid
How to do cardiopulmonary resuscitation

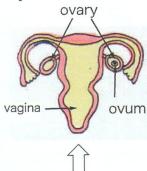
Body growth

The changes in the body.



Girls (menstruation)

① An ovum grows in the ovary.

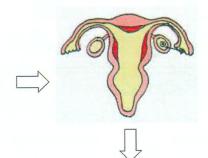


④ The inner membrane peels off and leaves the body.

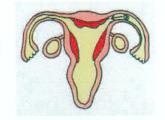




② An ovum come out from the ovary. The endometrium becomes thick.



③ The ovum goes to the uterus. The endometrium becomes thicker.

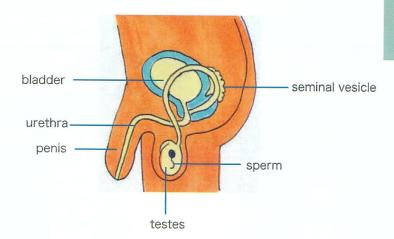


This is called menstruation.



Boys

- ① Sperm is made in the testes.
- ② Sperm becomes seminal fluid with fluid from the seminal vesicle and prostate gland.
- ③ The seminal fluid goes out of the body through the urethra to the penis.



This is called ejaculation.

Your Growing Body

Mental growth

1st grade





4th ~ 6th grade



During puberty, you become interested in the opposite sex. Puberty is a natural change from child to adult. Its timing and degree are different from person to person. You shouldn't worry about this. It's important for boys and girls to try to understand and respect each other during puberty.

Unexpected accidents and how to deal with them

Prevention of accidents





Situation of the accident

accident

Being in a hurry

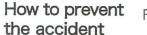
wet floor

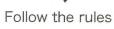
Cause of the



















Special Contents

Special contents

Health Learning Higher Grade Classes

特別編

The harm of smoking
The harm of drinking
The harm of drugs
Male and female relationships

The harm of smoking

■ Harmful substances are contained in smoke

Nicotine ····· dependence

Tar ····· tobacco resin

Carbon monoxide causes oxygen deficiency

■ The effect of smoking on the human body







nausea dizziness



the heart rate increases. straining the heart.

If you continue to smoke…

The function of the lung is weak- in brain activity ened.

There is decrease and athletic ability.

Increased risk of lung cancer and heart attack.







How smoking increases the mortality rate

Laryngeal cancer

32.5 times

Lung cancer

4.5 times

Oral cavity cance

2.9 times

Esophageal cancer 2.2 times

<Smoking effects the whole body>

■ The harm for the people around you

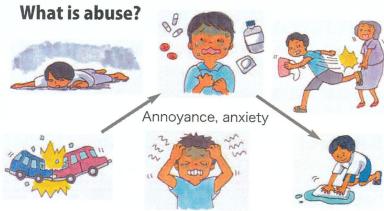
Mainstream smoking

Passive smoking



· Efforts to protect others from the harm of cigarettes.





Dependence that you cannot stop



Sometimes it leads to death.





Let's think about how to turn down drugs.

Gate Way Drugs

Smoking and drinking are the entry for drug abuse!

Healthy male and female relationships

Increased interest in sex

Because of the action of sexual hormones with the maturity of reproductive functions as the body develops, there is an increased interest in the opposite sex and sexual impulses such as wanting to touch the opposite sex's during puberty.

Respect for the opposite sex

Adolescents are growing closer to adults, but they are still immature spiritually and socially. It is important to understand the differences of the mind and the body of members of the opposite sex and to create relationships that mutually respect each other.

Dealing with information on sex

In society, television shows, videos and magazines with sexual contents are common.

Some of these things encourage deviant sexual behavior. It is important to make proper decisions as an adult.









បានទទួលការអនុញ្ញាតឱ្យបោះពុម្ពផ្សាយពី ក្រសួងអប់រំ យុវជន និងកីឡា បោះពុម្ពឆ្នាំ ២០១៩

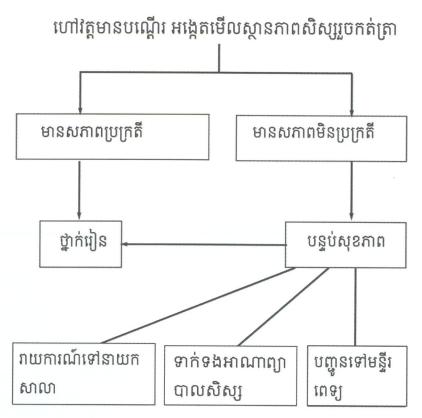
カンボジア教育青年スポーツ省と保 健省に認可された学校保健テキスト (児童用・クメール語版・A5版)

内容は英語版と同様である。

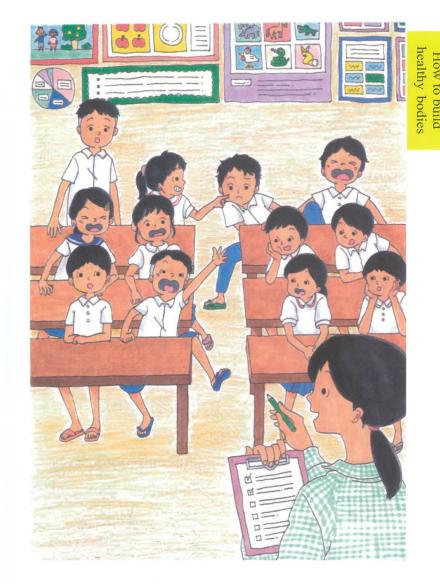
ការអនុវត្ត

ហៅឈ្មោះសិស្ស រួចសួរពីស្ថានភាពសិស្ស





គឺពិតជាមានសារៈសំខាន់ក្នុងការវិនិច្ឆ័យស្ថានភាពសុខភាពដោយខ្លួន ឯងដែលគេហៅថា «ការគ្រប់គ្រងសុខភាពដោយខ្លួនឯង»។



សត្វល្អិតទិចឬខាំ



តើមានអ្វីកើតឡើងក្រោយសត្វល្អិតទិច?

ឈឺ រមាស់ ឡើងហើម





វិធីសាស្ត្រព្យាបាល លាងសម្អាតជាមួយទឹកភ្លាម





ស្នំទឹកកកនៅកន្លែងដែលហើម



បើសិនករណីធ្ងន់ធ្ងរត្រូវបញ្ជូនទៅមន្ទីរពេទ្យ

ការណែនាំពីវិធីខ្លួរមាត់

ដើម្បីបង្ការកុំឱ្យបាក់តេរីចូលក្នុងរាងកាយ យើងត្រូវខ្ពុរមាត់ឱ្យបានញឹកញ៉ាប់។

🕳 របៀបខ្ពុរមាត់



ខ្ពុរមាត់ជាមួយទឹករួចខ្ចាក់ចេញ។

ងើយក្បាល រួចខ្ពុរមាត់ជាមួយ ទឹកឱ្យបាន២ដង។



យកកន្សែងស្អាតមកជូតមាត់

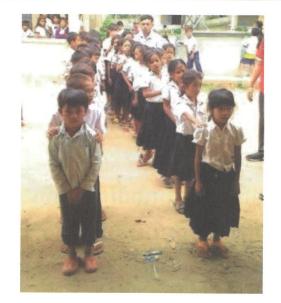


ខ្ចាក់ទឹកចេញ

How to build healthy bodies

Development of the body

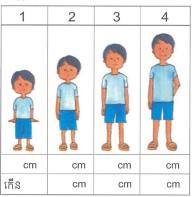




ការលូតលាស់នៃរូបរាងកាយ

ចូរវាស់កម្ពស់ និងថ្លឹងទម្ងន់សិស្សចាប់ពីថ្នាក់ទី១ដល់ថ្នាក់ទី៤។

កម្ពស់



ទម្ងន់

1	2	3	4
			R
kg	kg	kg	kg
កើន	kg	kg	kg

- ប្រៀបធៀបជាមួយពេលនៅតូច។
- កម្ពស់និងទម្ងន់ប្រែប្រួលទៅតាមអាយុ។

- ដំណើរការនៃការលូតលាស់មានភាពខុសគ្នាទៅតាមកុមារនីមួយៗ។ (កុមារខ្លះលូតលាស់ឆាប់ហើស រីឯកុមារខ្លះទៀតលូតលាស់យឺត។)



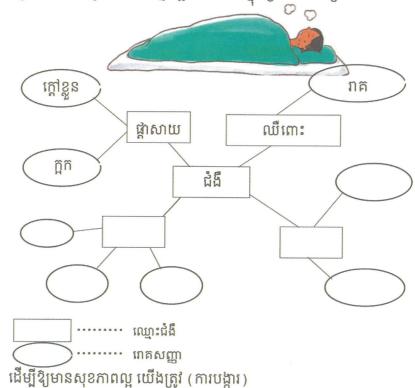


ជំងឺគឺជា...

នៅពេលដែលអ្នកមិនស្រួលខ្លួន អ្នក.....

មិនអាចរត់លេងបាន ពិបាកក្នុងខ្លួន ឈឺចាប់ ខាតបង់ប្រាក់ (ថ្លៃព្យាបាល)

ចូរសរសេរឈ្មោះជំងឺដែលអ្នកធ្លាប់កើតនៅក្នុងប្រអប់ខាងក្រោម ។



ដើម្បីរក្សាសុខភាពឱ្យបានល្អ

មូលហេតុនៃជំងឺ …



- បរិភោគអាហារដោយដៃកខ្វក់

- បណ្តាលមកពីម្ហូបអាហារ(អាហារជូរ)

- បរិភោគហួសកម្រិត

រោគសញ្ញា

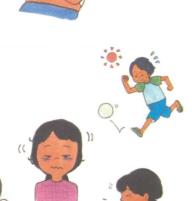
មូលហេតុ

- រាគ
- ហើមពោះ/ពោះឡើងត្រជាក់



មូលហេតុ

- ត្រូវកម្ដៅថ្ងៃរយៈពេលយូរ
- ដេកមិនគ្រប់គ្រាន់
- ពុលអាហារ
- ពេលផ្តាសាយ



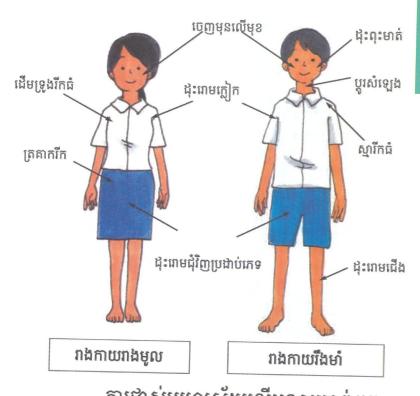






ការលូតលាស់រាងកាយរបស់អ្នក

ការផ្លាស់ប្តូរភាពកុមារទៅជាមនុស្សពេញវ័យ។ គឺជាពេល វេលាដែលកុមារឆ្ពោះទៅរកភាពចាស់ទុំ។ វាផ្លាស់ប្តូរកំឡុង ពេលវ័យសិក្សាចាប់ពីថ្នាក់ទី៥ទៅទី៦។



ការផ្លាស់ប្តូរអាស្រ័យលើមនុស្សម្នាក់ៗ។

ផលប៉ះពាល់នៃគ្រៀងស្រវឹង

ផលប៉ះពាល់នៃការផឹកស្រាទៅលើវាងកាយ

មុខឡើងក្រហម សប្បាយចិត្ត ប៉ុន្តែធ្វើឱ្យសមត្ថភាពវែកញែកចុះខ្សោយ ចង្វាក់ បេះដូង និងផ្លូវដង្ហើមលោតញាប់។

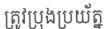


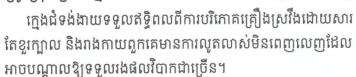
ធ្វើឱ្យទន់ជើងពិបាកក្នុងការដើរ។

មានអារម្មណ៍ថាចង់ក្អួត និងពិបាកក្នុងការដកដង្ហើម



ពិបាកក្នុងខ្លួននៅពេលដែលមិនបានផឹកស្រា (ញៀនគ្រឿងស្រវឹង) បង្កបញ្ហា (ឈ្លោះប្រកែកគ្នា វាយតប់គ្នា) វាអាចបណ្តាលឱ្យកើតជំងឺថ្លើម។





⇒ ដូច្នេះហើយក្មេងជំទង់មិនគួរបរិភោគគ្រឿងស្រវឹងទេ។

ផលប៉ះពាល់នៃការសេពគ្រឿងញៀន

ជាទូទៅនៅក្នុងគ្រឿងញៀនមានសារធាតុខ្លះជាថ្នាំពេទ្យ។ ការប្រើប្រាស់គ្រឿងញៀនគឺជាការប្រើប្រាស់ក្រៅពីបំណងសម្រាប់ ព្យាបាលជំងឺឬការប្រើប្រាស់គ្រឿងញៀនខុសច្បាប់។

ឥទ្ធិពលមកលើរាងកាយ

ធ្វើឱ្យសមត្ថភាពខួរក្បាលចុះខ្សោយ និងការវិនិច្ឆ័យធ្លាក់ចុះ។ ភ្នែកចុះអន់ខ្សោយ រលាកបំពង់អាហារ និងក្រពះហើយអាចធ្វើអោយស្ពឹកដៃជើង។



វាអាចធ្វើឱ្យអ្នកបាក់ទឹកចិត្ត និងកើតជំងឺខុសប្រក្រតី។ កណើខ្លះអាចឈាន ទៅដល់ការប្រព្រឹត្តបទល្មើសព្រហ្មទណ្ឌជាដើម។ អ្នកអាចបាត់បង់ម្ចាស់ការ និងអាចជួបគ្រោះថ្នាក់ធ្ងន់ធ្ងរដូចជាគ្រោះថ្នាក់ចរាចរជាដើម។

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How to Make Healthy Bodies

(For Teacher)



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Printing in 2019

カンボジア教育青年スポーツ省と保健 省に認可された学校保健テキスト (教師用・英語版・A4版)

内容は児童用の教授者版である。 使用場面は、日本の保健指導や保健学習を 想定して作成された。

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[Health Observation]

The necessity of health observation.

The daily observation of student health by homeroom teachers and other staff members in order to find any physical or mental health problems so that appropriate measures may be promptly taken, is essential to the smooth educational development of your students.

The objectives of health observation.

- 1. To enable the early detection of children's physical and mental health problems in order to allow for faster treatment.
- 2. To keep up to date with the local state of infectious diseases and food poisoning in order to prevent the spread of infection.
- 3. To encourage children both to become interested in their own health and to foster their own self-management abilities through daily health observation.



[The procedure for health observation]

Health observation conducted by the teacher in the morning

- Take note of children who are absent or late, and check their reasons for being so.
- Take note of the physical and mental conditions of the children in the class.

Objective symptoms

A lack of energy, looking unwell (red or pale), coughs, red eyes, nasal mucus, nasal congestion, any visible injuries, any rashes, any unordinary manifestation

Subjective symptoms

Headache, abdominal pain, any rashes, sore eyes, fever, sore throat, feeling of sluggishness, nausea, lethargy, joint pain, toothache, earache

Please write down the results of this symptom check in the form below and submit it to the school health room.



If necessary, you should take the student to the school infirmary and inform their parents/guardians.

Health observation form (sample)

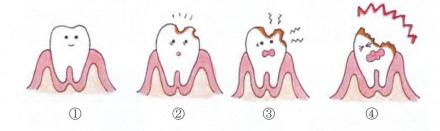
Dete	/	/	/	/	/
Date	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri
Reason for absence					
Reason for lateness					
Reason for leaving school early					
Morning					
appearance of student (Signs and symptomes)					
-0					

[Teeth brushing instructions]

Stage	Contents	Teacher's role
Introduction to teeth brushing	Checking student know about dental cavities and periodontal disease.	Ask students: 'What is a dental cavity?' 'What is periodontal disease?'
Teeth brushing in-depth	Teaching students about how dental cavities and periodontal diseases develop. Getting students to think about how to prevent these conditions from occurring. Getting students to think about how to brush their teeth appropriately.	Explain to students how cavities and periodontal disease develop. Teach students about the need for regular teeth brushing. Make students aware that they need to pay particular attention when brushing to the parts of their mouth that are difficult to brush and to any inflammation of the gums.
Concluding remarks	Getting students to realize that they must look after their teeth and gums.	Students learn the how best way to brush their own teeth.

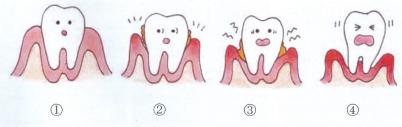
How does a cavity develop? (description)

- 1. Healthy tooth
- 2. Bacteria in the dental plaque will produce acid and begin to melt the enamel layer of the tooth.
- 3. Decaying teeth advances into dentin part of the tooth and cold drinks start to when reaching dentin.
- 4. When reaching the dental pulp, violent pain will start to occur.



How does periodontal disease develop? (description)

- 1. Healthy tooth
- 2. A gap is formed between the tooth and the gums, and dental plaque easily accumulates in the gap.
- 3. The gums get swollen and bleeding due to the inflammation caused by the toxins of the bacteria in the dental plaque.
- 4. The gap gets even deeper, melting the bones that support the teeth.



[Gargling]

Stage	Contents	Teacher's role
Introduction	Teaching students about how mouth wash can prevent bacteria from entering into the body via the mouth.	Explain to students the great importance of mouth wash.
Mouth wash in-depth	Making it clear to students when they have to wash their mouths: ·Before meals ·After using the toilet	Pathogenic bacteria enter into the body via mouth and nose.
	·When coming home from having been outside Checking that students know how to gargle.	Show students how to wash their mouths: 1. Gargle your mouth with water and spit out them. 2. Gargle your mouth with water_; while looking up and gargle several times. 3. Spit out the water quietly. 4. Repeat gargling. 5. Wipe your mouth by a handkerchief.
Concluding remarks	Make sure that students are aware that mouth wash contributes the prevention of disease.	Explain to students that mouth wash is especially effective when done alongside regular hand washing.

[Eye protection]

Stage	Contents	Teacher's role
Introduction	Introduce the topic of taking care of	Ask students: "How
	one's eyes.	would you feel if one day
940 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2.5 7 2.5 7	you couldn't see?"
eyes	Explaining to students how to	Teach students how
protection	properly look after their eyes:	important protecting the
in-depth	·Cut their forelock not to cover	eyes is.
	their eyes.	
	·Massaging and exercising their	
	eyes.	
	·When reading, keep the book at	The second form the second
	least 30cm away from their eyes.	Explain to students
	·Periodically take time to rest the	that:
	eyes (by for example using a hot	Tears work to carry
	compress)	oxygen to the eyes and
	·Don't wash their eyes using dirty	to keep them clean.
	water.	The amount of tears
	·Don't read a book in a dark place	produced by the body
	· Stare far and near	per day is equivalent to
	→Explain to students how to	about 20 drops worth of
	prevent onchocerciasis,	eye drops.
	conjunctivitis and eye congestion.	
	Make sure that students are aware	It is crucial to teach
	of what role tears play in the	students the importance
	human body.	of washing their eyes
		with clean water.
C1-1:-	M 1	
Concluding	Making the importance of the eyes	
remarks	clear to students and showing them	
	how to protect them.	

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ក្រសួងអប់រំ យុវជន និងកីឡា

ក្រសួងសុខាភិបាល

តារថែនាំវាខតាយ ខ្មេន្ត្រីសុខភាពល្អ (භේුපික්දුසු)

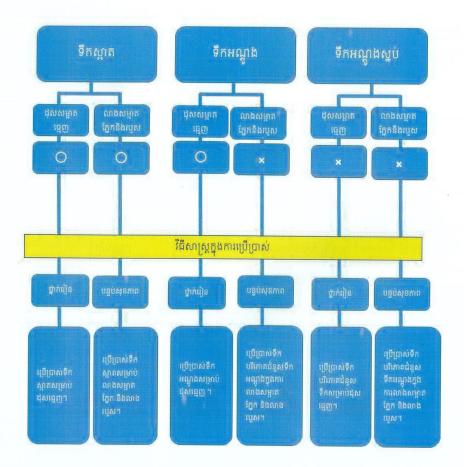


បានទទួលការអនុញ្ញាតឱ្យបោះពុម្ពផ្សាយពី ក្រសួងអប់រំ យុវជន និងកីឡា បោះពុម្ពឆ្នាំ ២០១៩

カンボジア教育青年スポーツ省と保健省に認可された学校保健テキスト (教師用・クメール語版・A4版)

[ង់ឃាងរបន្ទូងស្នេសិរាសុសគ្រាតុទុំសន់ជ័យ]

នឹកសម្រាប់ដុសសម្អាតផ្ទេញ, លា១សម្អាតត្លែក សិ១លា១ផ្ទេស



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[អារសែលពីនិន្នីអារស១សង្គាងនៃ]

ដំណើរការ	សកម្មភាព	តួនាទីគ្រូបង្រៀន
ការណែនាំ	សួរសិស្សដើម្បីចង់ដឹងថាតើពួកគេដឹង	គ្រូត្រូវណែនាំឱ្យសិស្សដឹងនិងចេះគិតពីភាព
	ពីសារៈសំខាន់នៃការលាងសម្អាតដៃដែរ	ចាំបាច់នៃការលាងសម្អាតដៃក្នុងជីវភាពរស់នៅ
	ឬទេ ?	ប្រចាំថ្ងៃ ។
		(មុននិងក្រោយពេលញាំបាយ ពេលត្រលប់មក
		ដល់ផ្ទះវិញ ក្រោយចេញពីបង្គន់។ល។)
សម្រាយបញ្ជាក់	នៅពេលដែលមេរោគចូលរាងកាយ	ពន្យល់សិស្សថាការដែលមិនបានលាងសម្អាតដៃ
	តើនឹងមានអ្វីកើតឡើង ?	ទៀងទាត់អាចបណ្ដាលឱ្យកើតជំងឺផ្សេងៗ។
	(ឈឺពោះ ក្ដៅខ្លួន មានរោគសញ្ញា	
	ផ្សេងៗទៀត។)	ពន្យល់សិស្សពីមូលហេតុចាំបាច់ត្រូវលាង
	ឱ្យសិស្សគិតពីវិធីបង្ការមេរោគឆ្លង។	សម្អាតដៃឱ្យបានត្រឹមត្រូវ។
	ការលាងសម្អាតដៃ៖	បង្រៀនសិស្សពីវិធីលាងសម្អាតដៃឱ្យបាន
	វិធីលាងសម្អាតដៃ	ត្រឹមត្រូវ។
សន្និដ្ឋាន	រំលឹកពីភាពចាំបាច់នៃការលាងសម្អាត	ឱ្យសិស្សដឹងថាការលាងសម្អាតដៃបានត្រឹមត្រូវ
	ដៃ និងបង្រៀនពីវិធីលាងសម្អាតដៃឱ្យ	អាចជួយកាត់បន្ថយឱកាសកើតជំងឺផ្សេងៗ។
	បានត្រឹមត្រូវ។	

11

[អសៀតយាចអស៊ីរងន្លេន]



- 1. ផ្សើមដៃជាមួយទឹក។
- 2. យកសាប៊ូមកដដុសនឹងដៃ។
- 3. ដុសសាប៊ូលើដៃទាំងពីរឱ្យសព្វ។
- 4. ដាក់បាតដៃម្ខាងលើខ្នងដៃម្ខាងទៀត ដុសតាមចង្វែកម្រាមដៃ រួចធ្វើដូចគ្នាលើដៃម្ខាងទៀត។
- 5. ដាក់ប្រអប់ដៃសងខាងផ្ទប់គ្នាតាមចន្លោះម្រាមដៃ រួចត្រដុសចុះឡើង ដោយម្រាមដៃឆ្លាស់គ្នា។
- 6. ប្រមូលចុងម្រាមដៃម្ខាងត្រដុសទៅនឹងកណ្ដាលបាតដៃនៃដៃម្ខាងទៀត និងប្ដូរធ្វើដូចគ្នាចំពោះដៃម្ខាងទៀត។

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- 7. ក្ដាប់ប្រអប់ដៃម្ខាងលើមេដៃម្ខាងទៀត ហើយបង្វិលចុះឡើង និងប្ដូរធ្វើដូចគ្នាចំពោះមេដៃម្ខាងទៀត។
- 8. ដុសជុំវិញកដៃទាំងសងខាង។

[អនិវដ្ឋឧច្ឆននិត្

ដំណើរការ	សកម្មភាព	តួនាទីគ្រូបង្រៀន
ការណែនាំ	ឱ្យសិស្សយកចិត្តទុកដាក់ពីការណែនាំ	សួរសិស្សថា តើធ្លាប់ត្រូវបានសត្វល្អិតទិចឬ
	ស្តីពីសត្វល្អិតទិចឬខាំ។	ខាំដែរឬទេ ?
		សត្វល្អិត (ឃ្មុំ មូស ស្រមោច)
សម្រាយបញ្ជាក់	ពន្យល់សិស្ស នៅពេលដែលសត្វល្អិតទិច	ពន្យល់ពីរោគសញ្ញាដែលងាយកើតឡើង
	ឬខាំវាមានអាការៈ៖	បន្ទាប់ពីត្រូវសត្វល្អិតទិចឬខាំ និងវិធីសាស្ត្រ
	រមាស់ ហើម ឡើងក្រហម	ព្យាបាល។
	មានជំងឺ (ជំងឺគ្រុនចាញ់ ជំងឺគ្រុនឈាម	បង្រៀនសិស្សពីជំងឺដែលអាចកើតឡើង
	ឬជំងឺជីកា)	បន្ទាប់ពីសត្វល្អិតទិចឬខាំ៖ ជំងឺគ្រុនចាញ់
		គ្រុនឈាម ជំងឺជីកា
	ការព្យាបាល	ពន្យល់ពីវិធីសាស្ត្រព្យាបាល៖
		១- លាងកន្លែងដែលសត្វល្អិតទិចឬខាំជាមួយ
	-885	ទឹកភ្លាមៗ។
		២- យកទឹកកកមកស្ពំ ដើម្បីកុំឱ្យហើម។
		៣- ទៅមន្ទីរពេទ្យក្នុងករណីធ្ងន់ធ្ងរ។
	ការបង្ការសត្វល្អិតទិចឬខាំ	ពន្យល់វិធីសាស្ត្របង្ការសត្វល្អិតទិចឬខាំ៖
		- ប្រើប្រាស់មុង
		· ប្រើប្រាស់ថ្នាំសម្លាប់សត្វល្អិត
		បង្រៀនសិស្សអំពីអនាម័យលើស្បែក។
សន្និដ្ឋាន		

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